

SPD | Simplify US Equity PLUS Downside Convexity ETF

Overview

The Simplify US Equity PLUS Downside Convexity ETF seeks to provide capital appreciation by offering US large cap exposure while aiming to boost performance during extreme market moves down via a systematic options overlay.

The fund's core holding gives investors a low-cost, index-based exposure to US large caps. A modest option overlay budget is then deployed into a series of options positions that help create downside convexity in the fund.

Key Points

- **Low-cost¹ US large cap index ETF exposure is the core holding**
- **Modest and transparent option budget adds downside convexity to the core passive exposure**
- **Advanced options strategy is designed to be robust across a variety of extreme drawdown conditions**

¹Normal Brokerage Fees Apply

Strategy Design

Passive US Equity Exposure

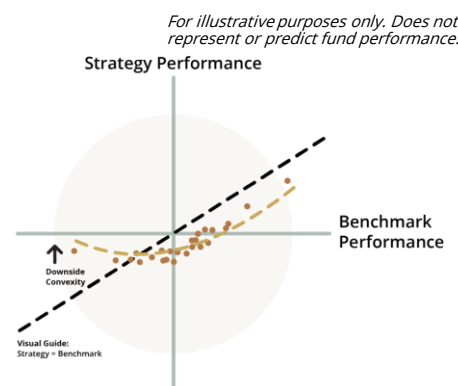
- US large cap index ETF
- Potential quarterly dividend



Advanced Options Overlay

- Potentially boost equity performance during extreme drawdowns
- Modest option budget with no upside caps
- Designed to handle various types of market dislocations

Payoff Profile



Downside Convexity attempts to increasingly boost performance as market declines deepen

Portfolio Applications for Equity + Downside Convexity

- **Fixed Income Alternative:** Muted return forecasts and challenged downside risk mitigation for bonds.
- **Black Swan Hedge:** Extreme market moves are becoming more frequent.
- **Defensive Equity Positioning:** Alternative for low volatility, quality, and other “defensive” equity factor exposures.
- **Alternative to Alternatives:** Potential for non-correlated returns during severe market sell offs.

Details | Ticker: SPD

Inception Date: 09/03/2020

Core Exposure	SEC 30-Day Yield	SEC 30-Day Yield Unsubsidized	Gross Expense Ratio	Net Expense Ratio*	Exchange	CUSIP	Net Assets
IVV	1.30%	1.05%	0.53%	0.28%	NYSE	82889N202	\$438,329,987.70

*The Fund's adviser has contractually agreed, until at least October 31, 2022, to waive certain fees and/or pay expenses, in order to limit specified expenses to 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets.

Current Holdings*

Position	Allocation	Notional Exposure (Delta=1)
IVV	89.18%	—
SPXW US 10/07/22 P3620	11.29%	572.53%
SPX 10/21/22 P3300	9.19%	1564.95%
SPX 10/21/22 P3100	-3.62%	-1564.95%
SPXW US 10/07/22 P3600	-9.64%	-572.53%
Cash	3.60%	—

*Holdings are subject to change without notice.

Performance as of 09/30/22

SPD	Cumulative Total Return				Annualized Total Return	
	3 mo	6 mo	YTD	Since Inception	1 Year	Since Inception
NAV	-0.45%	-14.99%	-19.81%	7.70%	-12.05%	3.64%
Market Price	-0.07%	-15.09%	-19.89%	8.74%	-12.18%	4.13%
S&P 500 Index	-4.89%	-20.21%	-23.88%	7.90%	-15.50%	3.74%

The performance data quoted represents past performance and is no guarantee of future results. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. Investment returns and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. For performance data current to the most recent month-end please call (855) 772-8488 or go to <https://www.simplify.us/etfs>.

DEFINITIONS:

Convexity: An investment strategy is convex if its payoff relative to its benchmark is curved upward. Convex investment strategies are expected to be highly correlated with the benchmark in typical market environments but diverge to the positive in extreme markets. There are no free lunches though, and convex strategies are expected to lag during quiet markets.

Expiry: The time until an option expires. In the context here expiry is used to describe the length of time from when an option position is initiated to when it will expire.

Market Price: The current price at which shares are bought and sold. Market returns are based upon the last trade price.

NAV: The dollar value of a single share, based on the value of the underlying assets of the fund minus its liabilities, divided by the number of shares outstanding. Calculated at the end of each business day.

Option: An option is a contract that gives the buyer the right to either buy (in the case of a call option) or sell (in the case of a put option) an underlying asset at a pre-determined price ("strike") by a specific date ("expiry"). An "outright" is another name for a single option leg. A "spread" is when options are bought at one strike and an equal amount of options are sold at a different strike, all at the same expiry.

SEC 30-Day Yield: The yield is calculated with a standardized formula and represents net investment income earned by a fund over a 30-day period, expressed as an annual percentage rate based on the fund's share price. The yield includes the effect of any fee waivers and/or reimbursements. Without waivers, yields would be reduced. This is also referred to as the "standardized yield", "30-Day Yield" and "Current Yield". The unsubsidized SEC 30-Day Yield does not reflect the effect of any fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION:

Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses of Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) before investing. To obtain an ETF's prospectus containing this and other important information, please call (855) 772-8488, or visit SimplifyETFs.com. Please read the prospectus carefully before you invest.

An investment in the fund involves risk, including possible loss of principal.

The fund is actively-managed is subject to the risk that the strategy may not produce the intended results. The fund is new and has a limited operating history to evaluate.

The use of derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate, or index. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. The use of leverage by the Fund, such as borrowing money to purchase securities or the use of options, will cause the Fund to incur additional expenses and magnify the Fund's gains or losses. The earnings and prospects of small and medium sized companies are more volatile than larger companies and may experience higher failure rates than larger companies. Small and medium sized companies normally have a lower trading volume than larger companies, which may tend to make their market price fall more disproportionately than larger companies in response to selling pressures and may have limited markets, product lines, or financial resources and lack management experience.

The Fund invests in ETFs (Exchange-Traded Funds) and is therefore subject to the same risks as the underlying securities in which the ETF invests as well as entails higher expenses than if invested into the underlying ETF directly.

While the option overlay is intended to improve the Fund's performance, there is no guarantee that it will do so. Utilizing an option overlay strategy involves the risk that as the buyer of a put or call option, the Fund risks losing the entire premium invested in the option if the Fund does not exercise the option. Also, securities and options traded in over-the-counter markets may trade less frequently and in limited volumes and thus exhibit more volatility and liquidity risk.

Simplify ETFs are distributed by Foreside Financial Services, LLC.

© 2022 Simplify ETFs. All rights reserved.